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# 美國德州民主黨大會昨在聖安東尼市阿拉莫會議中心揭幕

(本報發行人李蔚華德州聖安東尼十七日報專)美國德州民主黨大會(Texas Democratic convention)今天上午在聖安東尼市阿拉莫會議中心揭幕，來自德州各地民選官員及黨代表近五千人參加，場面氣勢浩大。

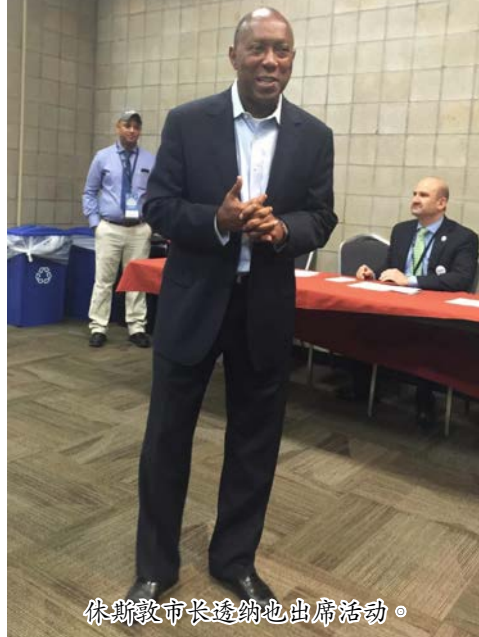
年會除了改選民主黨新領導班子及團隊，並就美國當前面臨之國內外議題進行討論。年會最主要之議程是為希拉里克里頓進軍白宮進行造勢。德州國會議員希拉克斯森李在年會上大聲疾呼要民主黨員為打敗共和黨川普奮戰到底。



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德州民主黨大會，吸引眾多重要政要人士參與。



休斯敦市長達德也出席活動。

另外，德州民主黨主席 Gilberto Hinojosa 在年會上向黨員們號召，共同努力。休斯敦市長透納(Sylvester Turner)、國會議員格林(Al Green)全體同仁為民主黨在白宮繼續執政，州議員吳元之(Jene Wu)等民主黨

## 歡慶父親節 休士頓好康優惠一籬筐

(記者黃相慈／休士頓報導)一年一度的父親節就在6月19日周日登場，儘管父親節的禮物市場或許不如母親節來的商機蓬勃，但仍有不少商家推出父親節折扣，讓想聊表孝心的子女還是可以給親愛的爸爸買個貼心禮物。與其煩惱著該送父親何種節慶禮品，不如讓平日忙碌事業的父親，能夠品嚐美食、參加有趣活動，好好享受天倫之樂。過個愉快周末假期。

大休士頓地區好吃好玩父親節活動不少，有些因應節慶送上免費贈禮(freebies)犒賞父親。位於Westheimer路和Woodlands的巴西燒烤餐廳Fogo de Chao 19日父親節當天，凡是在餐廳內用餐的父親可獲得一份免費午餐或晚餐，適用於下次內用消費。Grub Burger Bar也給予父親福利，6月17至19日三天送出免費漢堡，只要對結帳人員說出相關密語「Free Fathers Day Burger」，就可享用一份內用免費漢堡，漢堡種類任選。

喜歡吃義大利麵的朋友有福了，位於市中心901 Commerce路上的Spaghetti Warehouse在父親節當天送出免費餐點給辛苦的父親，不需要折價券，父親可享用千層麵、肉丸醬通心粉或任何原裝義大利麵主餐，通通免費贈送。吃完正餐後，價格冰淇淋店TCBY也讓父親免費享用6盎司大小的優格冰淇淋。滿足口腹之欲，吃飽喝足，不妨帶著父親和家人參加有趣假日活動。位於Mason park和Vintage park的Alamo Drafthouse電影院周日父親節放映「好



爸爸會吃上一頓色香味俱全的晚餐，不錯的選擇。(休士頓報攝)

奇猴喬治」(Curious George)，只需要1元就可觀賞溫馨電影，還可以做慈善，店家會將收益捐贈給當地弱勢團體。位於City Centre和Perland的Studio Movie Grill也提供廉價電影，父親節當天下午2點播放懷舊電影The Neverending Story，不妨帶著父親一起進入魔幻之旅，享受假期。

Bayou Bend Collection and Gardens也在6月18、19兩天，開放9歲以下和所有父親免費入園，當天將和所有父親歡度節日，現場有一系列父親節慶祝活動。其他成人入場費10元，小孩10至17歲5元。

喜歡健身的父親請別錯過免費健身課，Orangetheory健身中心在父親節當天提供免費健身課程，所有分店皆適用，有興趣的民眾可直接電洽各分中心。

## 假借FEMA名義詐欺 小心掉進騙子圈套

(記者黃相慈／休士頓報導)詐騙無所不在，利用災害補償的騙術也層出不窮。近來聯邦緊急事務管理局(Federal Emergency Management Agency，簡稱FEMA)積極走訪各大族裔社區，讓受災戶都能如願申請聯邦災害援助金，幫助家園重建。但就有詐騙集團趁此機會進行有關災害的欺詐，假冒公益團體與政府機關謊稱災後捐款宣傳或災後補助，FEMA呼籲民眾睜大眼睛，別掉進騙局陷阱。

休士頓警方17日公布，一名25歲男子Derron L. Skinner因涉嫌一起休士頓地區洪災詐騙案，周五遭起訴。警方認為，該組織一定有更多假藉FEMA官方名義的詐騙案，提醒民眾提高警覺。

根據警方表示，該名男子的詐騙手法皆是找需要向FEMA申請聯邦災害援助金的受災戶下手，假借自己是FEMA專員處理，可協助申請，之後提供假支票給受害者，等到受害者幾天後去銀行兌現時，才發現是空頭支票，裡頭金額早就不翼而飛。該名男子於周四已遭警方逮捕，FE-

MA表示，如果再有其他受害者牽連此案，可撥打1-866-720-5721。

FEMA日前發布新聞聲明表示，德州奧斯汀和聯邦官員

鼓勵德州民眾舉報任何可疑活動或潛在的欺詐行為，目前災後詐欺包括「建築承包商詐騙」、「災後捐款宣傳詐騙」、「身分盜竊」、「房屋檢查員冒名詐欺」等。通常騙子會利用受災戶可憐災後狀況，引起民眾惻隱之心，FEMA表示，災難援助招攬騙子透過電話、電子郵件、信件或面對面訪問達到騙財目的。

FEMA說，任何金融行為都要索取收取據，不要輕易在短信上提供個人金融信息或信用卡密碼。FEMA提醒，不要相信所謂的掃描藝術家騙子，承諾大款項災難補助，並要求你付大筆現金或預付款全額。民眾也必須謹慎小心假冒的房屋檢查員，任何事都要要求出示帶照片的身分證明，來驗證確切身分。

民眾若發現其他相似詐騙案件，可聯繫休士頓警方金融犯罪部門713-308-2500或阻止犯罪小組713-222-TIPS，防止類似詐騙案件發生。

# “Today's News – Tomorrow's History” NEWS & REVIEW

News & Review is a Division of Southern News Group – Founded June 16, 1979 | June 19, 2016 | John T. Robbins, Editor

## Asean Countries Rebuke Beijing In South China Sea Dispute

Compiled And Edited By John T. Robbins, News&Review Editor



Chinese warships conduct naval exercises near the Paracel Islands, May 2016.

BEIJING - Countries in Southeast Asia have "serious concerns" over recent events in the disputed South

China Sea, an unusually strongly worded communique issued by their foreign ministers in China said Tuesday.

In a rare diplomatic slap in the face for Beijing -- issued on its own territory -- the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (Asean) offered a sharp rebuke over China's actions in the waterway.

"We expressed our serious concerns over recent and ongoing developments, which have eroded trust and confidence, increased tensions and which may have the potential to undermine peace, security and stability in the South China Sea," its communique said without mentioning China by name.

"We stressed the importance of maintaining peace, security, stability, safety and freedom of navigation in and overflight above the

South China Sea, in accordance with universally recognised principles of international law including the 1982 United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea (UNCLOS)."

The bloc's finger-wagging, after a Special Asean-China Foreign Ministers' meeting in Kunming, comes as the region braces for a ruling by a UN tribunal on a claim brought by the Philippines against China. "We articulated Asean's commitment to maintaining and promoting peace, security and stability in the region, as well as to the peaceful resolution of disputes, including full respect for legal and diplomatic processes, without resorting to the threat or use of force, in accordance with universally recognised principles of international law, including the UNCLOS and the



ASEAN Business And Investment Summit Billboard, November 2014

UN Charter," the statement said. (Courtesy www.bangkokpost.com/news/asia)

## A Guide To “Stepping It Up” In The South China Sea

By Guest Writers David Barno and Nora Bensahel, June 14, 2016

Compiled And Edited By John T. Robbins, News&Review Editor

Why does the South China Sea matter? It is one of the world's most important shipping lanes, transited by about one-third of global commercial goods each year. It lies atop at least seven billion barrels of oil and an estimated 900 million cubic feet of natural gas. Conflicting claims to these important waters abound. These involve several U.S. allies and friends and will likely be exacerbated by the pending outcome of an international court case between China and the Philippines. Chinese efforts to establish sovereign claims over these key international waters not only threaten unimpeded access to global shipping lanes and U.S. partners in the region, but also set a dangerous global precedent. Beijing's forceful efforts are intended to establish regional hegemony by creating a zone of "near seas" over which it can claim sole control.

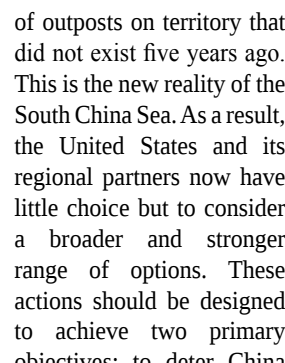
During the past year, Chinese actions have grown bolder. They have completed land reclamation efforts at the three largest outposts in the South China Sea and are now focusing on developing infrastructure. Each one already has an airfield with a 9,800-foot runway, which is long enough to land most military aircraft. They have also landed a military jet on Fiery Cross Reef and deployed advanced fighters and surface-to-air missiles on Woody Island in the Paracels. Taken together, these capabilities provide forward-positioned power projection platforms for Chinese fighters, bombers, and reconnaissance aircraft. Aircraft from these bases could easily reach -- and possibly enforce -- Chinese claims out to the so-called "nine-dash line" that borders the easternmost rim of the South China Sea. Chinese Navy ships and maritime militia can also use these outposts as refueling and provisioning stops that extend their sea presence across this vast expanse. U.S. aircraft carriers are at best transient visitors in these same waters, and no other country in the region can project and sustain the air and naval presence in the South China Sea that these fixed bases now offer.



U.S. destroyer sailed within 12 miles of Subi Reef to demonstrate that the United States rejects any Chinese maritime claims emanating from its artificial islands. At least two other FONOPs have been conducted since then, and the head of U.S. Pacific Command, Admiral Harry Harris, has stated that future FONOPs will increase in number, scope, and complexity.

Yet Chinese confrontational actions are nevertheless continuing and even escalating. In recent months, for example, Chinese fighter jets have flown dangerously close to U.S. reconnaissance aircraft in both the South and East China Seas, violating an agreement that the United States and China signed last year on safe conduct in the air. And the Chinese government recently announced that it is considering establishing an Air Defense Identification Zone (ADIZ) over the South China Sea as a further signal of its security

claims to this key region. China has subtly but forcefully established a permanent presence across a series

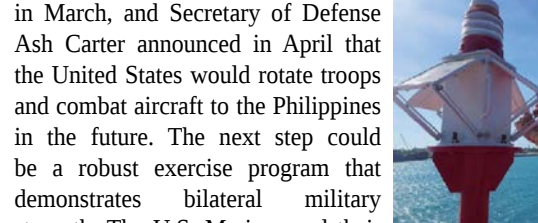


of outposts on territory that did not exist five years ago. This is the new reality of the South China Sea. As a result, the United States and its regional partners now have little choice but to consider a broader and stronger range of options. These actions should be designed to achieve two primary objectives: to deter China from further expansion and combative behaviors and to better position the United States and its partners for military action to defend the international commons, if required.

But failing to take stronger action also runs the very serious risk that the Chinese will gradually but inevitably gain control of this critical maritime region. That would weaken the regional position of U.S. allies and partners, but even more importantly, it would challenge the vital and longstanding U.S. interest in maintaining global freedom of navigation.

We suggest six options that the United States and its partners should now consider, listed in increasing order of assertiveness. 1. Enhance and expand maritime transparency in the South China Sea. The United States and its partners must redouble efforts to make clear that the South China Sea is an international waterway open to all. The new Maritime Security Initiative is a step in the right direction that should be continued and, over time, expanded. Washington and its partners should also promote greater transparency about Chinese maritime militias, which have been used as irregular military forces that operate in the gray zone. The United States should also help improve regional maritime domain awareness to facilitate navigation, safe transit, search and rescue, and natural disaster response. These steps would reinforce the essential premise that this huge maritime domain is a vital element of the global commons, not a national preserve.

2. Continue to increase U.S. military support and presence in the Philippines. Joint U.S.-Philippine military cooperation and exercises are now at levels not seen since the U.S. departure from Subic Bay and Clark Air Force Base in the early 1990s. The two countries started conducted joint naval patrols



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培養專業游泳學生的《藍水晶》暑期培訓班



專業的游泳場地。



專業的游泳場地。



培養專業游泳學生的《藍水晶》暑期培訓班開學，李婧教練親自教授花樣游泳的基本動作，如：仰浮、魚雷、跳水、芭蕾舞、……等專業動作。



暑假夏令營花樣游泳培訓班的老師與陳韻梅(中)合影。



李婧教練與陳韻梅。



李婧教練。



暑假夏令營花樣游泳培訓班的老師。

本報記者陳鐵梅整理報道

周潔曉慧舞蹈學校第三屆 "Dance Showcase" 舞蹈精品展圖片集錦 (一)



飛 (Christy Zhang)

彩霞追月 (Stephanie Tang)

蓮藕餅的小慢 (Catherine Lui)

賀怡 (Bridgette Lui)

往事 (Wendy Jin)

葛蓓莉妮變奏 (Christine Chen)

本報記者 黃麗珊 報導

不安 (Amy Zhou, Karina Peng)

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潘光樣腳科醫學博士 Simon Pan, DPM, Foot Specialist and Surgeon 專精量身定做腳墊, 甲溝炎根除手術 接受政府及各種醫療保險 電話：713-270-8682

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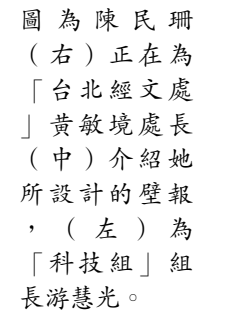
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美南電視本周節目單 Southern Television 15.3 2016年6月份 電視頻道節目表

# 通過收養方式辦理綠卡問題解答和最新移民消息



譚秋晴（右二）代表國會議員 AlGreen 頒發賀狀，由黃初平（左二），會長林欣慧（左一），準會長顧寶鼎（右一）代表接受。

6月15日推遲到2010年1月1日。該計劃一經頒布，便引發強烈反響。包括德克薩斯州在內的26個州指責奧巴馬總統繞過美國國會，大赦非法移民，並向德州地方法院起訴政府，要求暫停實施該移民法案。該訴求得到地方法院法官的支持。聯邦第五巡迴上訴法院於2015年11月裁定維持上級法院的判決。最高法院將於今年4月就此案進行辯論，6月底之前作出裁決。

3. 根據2015年12月18日通過的綜合撥款法案(omnibus appropriations bill)，L-1和H-1B申請的附加申請費將大幅漲價。漲價只針對50個僱員以上並有超過一半的僱員是H-1B、L-1A或者L-1B的移民簽證身份的公公司。L-1申請的附加費將從\$2,250漲到\$4,500，H-1B申請將從\$2,000漲到\$4,000。

4. 2015年10月份的移民排期，不但沒有象預料的大幅前進，還首次出現了雙表排期。申請人可以按照較快的排期表(Dates for Filing Applications)遞交I-485類移民表的申請，等到較慢的排期表(Application Final Action Dates)排到後再遞交。根據AC21條款，得到I-485申

請後，符合條件的申請人和配偶以及21歲以下的孩子都可以取得工卡回美國並，雙表排期的出現大大增加了申請人及其家人的便利，是非常有利的消息。

5. EB-5移民投資金額很可能會大幅提高。參議院正在進行EB-5法案的重整工作。新提案呼籲將EB-5投資移民的核心內進行改革。改革措施包括：五十萬投資移民類別將漲至八十八萬，一百萬投資移民類別將漲至一百二十萬。

此移民專欄是鄒旋律師為宣傳移民法律知識而作，並非針對個案，不可作為個案申請的法律依據。請視個人具體情況諮詢專業律師。

鄒旋律師是蘇力&鄒旋律師事務所的主任律師。鄒旋律師的移民民事務在美國新聞、世界日報和美國中文信使報等世界六連載。鄒旋律師主講的移民路路通節目每兩個月的第二和第四個星期一下午5:30(11-12月)下午5點在電台調頻AM1050提供最新的移民資訊並現場解答聽眾來問題。鄒旋律師同時還擔任美南國際電視台法律節目的嘉賓主持和法律援助。蘇力&鄒旋律師事務所精辦移民、包括傑出



**鄒旋律師**

人才、國家利益豁免、技術移民、各類簽證，身份轉換、親屬移民、公民入籍等。同時受理商業法律：包括公司成立、商業契約、生意買賣、委託書、取消前罰、公證認證、翻譯、遺囑等業務。蘇力&鄒旋律師事務所位於加裡大道旁，惠康超市廣場內。地址是9188 Bellaire Blvd. Suite E Houston TX 77036 聯繫電話是：713-779-4416 傳真：713-883-9749 網址：<http://solsiyanlaw.com> 電子郵箱：[yanni@solsiyanlaw.com](mailto:yanni@solsiyanlaw.com) 週一至週五:9:00AM-5:00PM, 週六:10:00AM-1:00PM.

鄒旋律師最新一期的電視節目可在該鏈接中收看 <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=etaT11xCo70I> <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dmCVQBTDFdY> <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=j9bULtEoSok>

俗稱「靈芝孢子油」。目前世界科學界已對和青稞、蕎麥等植物所含靈芝孢子油、菌絲體、特別是靈芝破壁細胞三類成分，多物。它們主要是：內脂A、靈芝醇B、C、靈芝萜甾D、E以及其衍生物，變角甾甾甈甾化合物。8

AP-1（一種結合特異調 DNA 序列並調節相關的基因從 DNA 轉錄為 mRNA 的蛋白質）和 NF-kB（一個原癌蛋白）來抑制肝癌細胞的生長和侵襲性行為。靈芝酸 D 和 A，包括三萜醇 B，靈芝二萜可抑制 5-alpha-reductase 活性；靈芝醇 B 具有抑制雄激素刺激從而減少前列腺細胞。靈芝酸 A，F，靈芝酸 DM<sup>T</sup>-T-Q 和赤芝細胞 A，D2，E2，以及赤芝萜醇 P 表現有抑制小老鼠炎症的活性。2007 年，美國丹米爾博士向 FDA 的提議，可以把純天然靈芝三萜類發展為具有抗痘、抗炎特性的新物質。

而早在 1999 年，中國科學家獨家發明專利萃取的純天然高濃度「靈芝三萜類提取物」《ZK 靈芝孢子油》已經開始服務於人類抗癌領域，其實際活性成分「靈芝三萜類物質（triterpenes）」≥40%。其可貴之處是「幫助癌症病人在接受放化療期間度過難關；特別是幫助那些被醫院「宣判不治」的癌症病人，減輕癌症導致的各種痛苦，提高患者生命質量。」

進入美國市場 15 年來，「美國 ZK 靈芝孢子三萜油」以其獨特的輔助抗癌效果被越來越多的醫學科學界認可和青睞。甚至少數不抱技術看好這一產品，開始仿效。但由於該專利產品的部分保密技術所限，不法商家無法做到完全仿製。美國中科特別提醒消費者：購買該產品時，請認準真正品牌為「SINO-SCI-ZK」。其他品牌均為仿製品！都是採用化學溶劑提取，不僅有效成分含量不足，而且由於採用化學溶劑，活性成分發生變化。

有關詳情，請查詢官方網站 [www.chinese-semiacelherb.com](http://www.chinese-semiacelherb.com)。處獨家代理「東方盧林大藥房」：713-774-5558。北美中科免費電話：1-877-704-7117。專家直線：832-8588-7516

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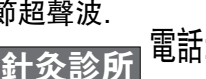
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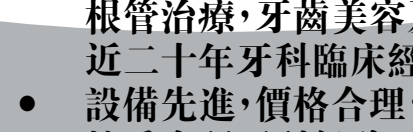
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營業時間：  
 每週七天 接受急症轉院急診  
 週一至週五 8:30AM - 6:00PM  
 週六 9:00AM - 4:00PM 週日接受急診

**栗懷廣 醫學博士**  
 Huang Liang, M.D.  
 Board Certified, ABIM

主治

內科, 家庭全科, 高血壓, 糖尿病  
 腸胃, 甲狀腺疾患, 關節炎  
 年度體檢, 婦科檢查, 血液注射  
 心電圖, 肺功能, 皮膚化驗  
 外傷, 急診, 外科小手術

誠徵: 內科 / 需中英文雙語。

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**門診時間**

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8:30AM-5:30PM

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## JY 家庭全科及急症

**主治**

- ★ 高血压
- ★ 糖尿病
- ★ 高血脂
- ★ 常见皮肤病

**急症**

- ★ 感冒
- ★ 咽喉肿痛
- ★ 鼻过敏

- ★ 皮膚活檢
- ★ 婦科病
- ★ 兒科病
- ★ 老年癯呆

- ★ 骨質疏鬆
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**陶翔 醫生**  
MD, PhD, FRCR  
**風濕免疫內科**

曾任加拿大醫學院醫院感染科主治後和  
Howard Hughes Medical Institute 博士後  
研究員及美國內科醫學會會員  
現任大學醫學院內科風濕免疫科專科專科專科  
ABIM Board Certified in Rheumatology  
and Internal Medicine

**主治**

骨關節炎, 類風濕性關節炎, 強直性脊柱炎, 牛皮  
癬關節炎, 反應性關節炎, 感染性關節炎, 痛風, 網  
球肘, 肩周炎, 腱鞘炎, 慢性背痛, 慢性肌痛, 骨  
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## 陳正德 慈恩診所

### 內科醫師

Dr. Samuel Chen, MD, PhD, MPH

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● 曾任大學及中學醫務主任及校長

● 約納斯醫學大學榮譽醫學士、荷華醫學士、博士

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● 陳正德博士曾任職於：

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- ★ 休士頓紀念醫院 St. Luke's Hospital 主治醫師
- ★ 西南紀念醫院 Southwest Memorial Hospital 主治醫師

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 (Ranchester Dr.)  
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 週日：9:00AM ~ 3:00PM)

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